



Emerging Fuels Symposium

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Working on Finding Out: Current International Trials and Tests

Elizabeth Wheeler

26th June 2024



disclaimer

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Additional disclaimer: Sincere apologies for the Powerpoint Frankenstein crimes that are committed within this presentation

Real tests happening around the world



Underground Salt Cavern **Storage**



Laboratory Materials Testing



Full Scale **Burst** Tests



ΑΥΤΟΚΡΑΤΩΡ ΑΔΡΙΑΝΟΣ
EMPEROR HADRIAN

Statue of Emperor Hadrian in the ancient Agora, Athens

Underground Storage

Paper Session 2: Hydrogen Storage

Chairs: Sarah Hopkin (Shell), David Norman (FFCRC)

5. Converting an Existing Salt Cavern to Inject, Store and Withdraw Hydrogen via a "H2-ready" well.	Gregory Blettner (Storengy)
6. Latest findings from demonstration project HyStock	Dolf Ottens (Gasunie)

Q&A

Paper Session 5: Biomethane/RNG

Chairs: Mures Zarea (Engie), TBD

14. Reservoir Biogeochemical experiments for RNG acceptance in an aquifer natural gas storage.	Delphine Patriarche (Storengy)
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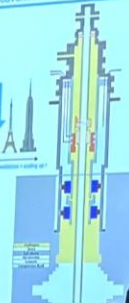


Temple of Hephaestus. Ancient Agora, Athens

A (brief) review of the literature

What is existing today in terms of Underground H₂ Storage (UHS) in salt cavern?

Reference: H₂ storage in salt caverns - State of the Art, New Developments and R&D projects (A. Acht DEER, S. Donndel KBR)


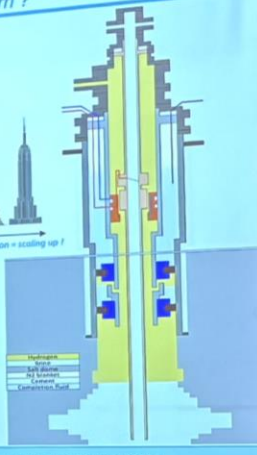
Project	Location	Operator	Year	Volume	Depth	Pressure	Notes
Chimney Dam	Canada/Philips	NA	2007	1 x 580 000 m ³	830 m	70-115 bar	None?
Alrosa Ruff	Russia	NA	2007	1 x 566 000 m ³	> 822 m	55-152 bar	US - 15 EU - 6
Symonette	Air Liquide	2010	2016-17	> 580 000 m ³	LCC shoe @ 1204 m Cavern roof @ 1204 m	68-202 bar < 1,88 s.g.	US - 9 EU - 4
Tecvide	Kobco Petrochemicals	~1965-66	~1971-72	3 x ~ 70 000 m ³	350 to 380 m	~ 46 bar ~ 1,23 s.g.	None?
HypSTER	Hydrogen	1982	Beginning 2024	7 400 m ³	842 m	165 bar 1,8 s.g.	None

Completion: In USA, no production tubing nor subsurface safety. Last Cemented Casing is the production tubing. + Safety valve at wellhead level. Use of brine to balance H₂ pressure when withdrawing/injecting. V0 packer x 2, SCSIV at any time of the pilot / future development.

A (brief) review of the literature

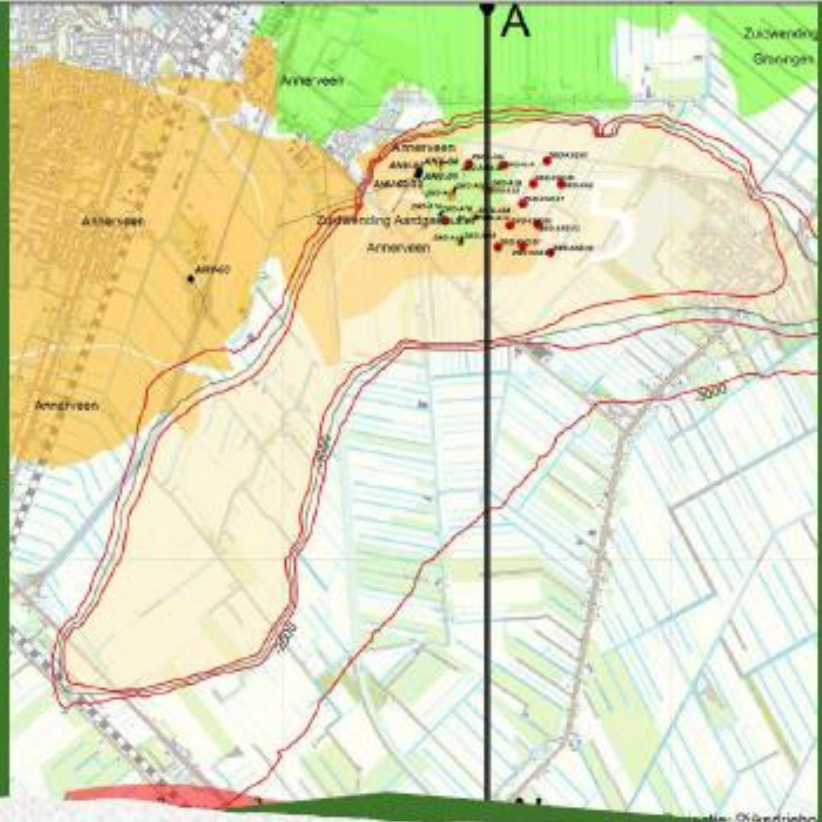
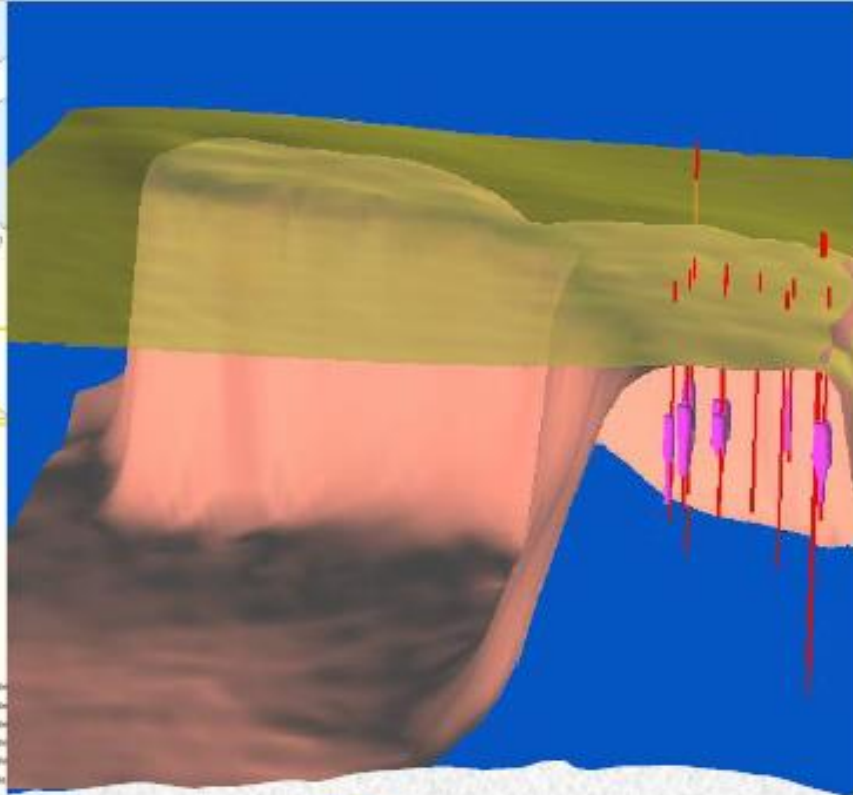
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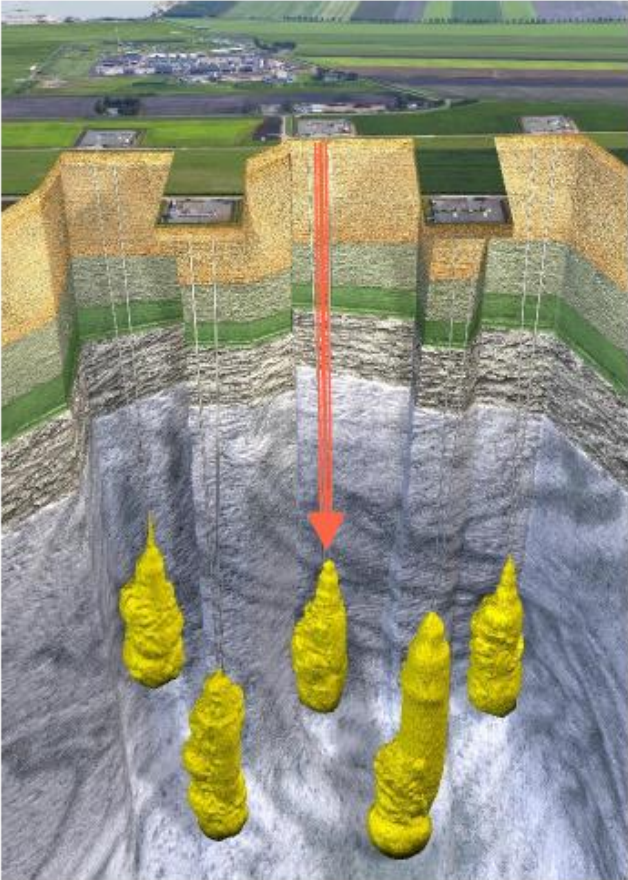
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Zuidwending Salt Dome

Characteristics of Salt Caverns



- Very low permeability
 - rock salt is **technical tight** for gases and liquids
- rock pressure > cavern pressure
- „wall thickness“ >> 100 m (328')
- overburden = heavy „cover“ ~ 1000 m (3280')
- Most sensitive point: Man-made well



Observations and findings

- Successful hydrogen storage operation without incidents
- No evidence of hydrogen leakage during the test period
- Cavern integrity test (MIT) successful executed under H₂ (and N₂)
- Equipment based on proven oil and gas design seem applicable for hydrogen application when correct material is selected
- Operational O&G procedures for well interventions (based on IWCF) seem applicable for hydrogen operation

Laboratory Materials Testing

Paper Session 6: Hydrogen Laboratory Testing Chairs: Mehdi Fardi (Advisian), Nuria Sanchez (OCAS)

17. Investigation of Oxygen Inhibition Effects on Pipeline Steels	Neil Gallon (Rosen)
18. Hydrogen-enhanced FCG and pressure variations	Otto Jan Huising
19. Fracture toughness test methods for material qualification in gaseous hydrogen	Bostjan Bezensek (Shell)
20. Effect of loading mode	Rango Thodla (DNV)

Q&A

Afternoon Coffee

Panel Session 4: Hydrogen Laboratory Testing

- 4 panelists

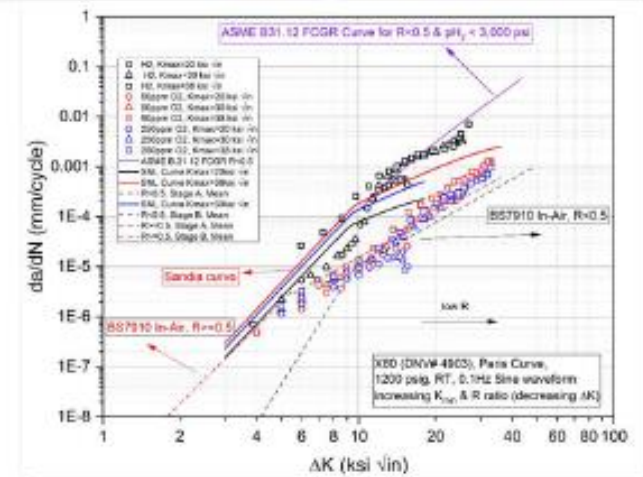
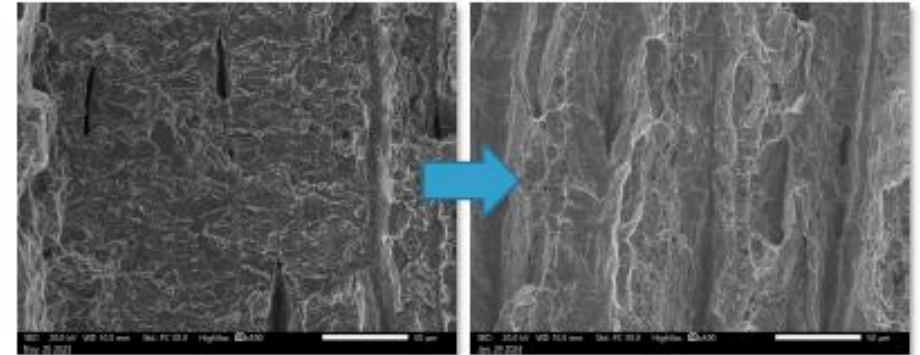


Museum of the Ancient Agora, Athens

Conclusions

- Laboratory testing has shown oxygen shown to be effective inhibitor to hydrogen embrittlement
- Improvements in both Fracture Toughness and Fatigue performance compared to 100% hydrogen
- Detailed fractography demonstrated ability of oxygen additions to prevent transition to cleavage fracture mechanism
- Further work recommended to confirm behaviour over wide range of microstructures (inc. welds and more legacy pipe grades)
- Need to prove concept at network level and demonstrate efficacy over industrially relevant timescales
- Consequences to upstream and downstream processes also to be considered to understand the full economic impact of the deployment of this technology

- FCGR behavior in high pressure H₂ is not sensitive to microstructure or frequency
- FCGR transitions from high acceleration factors at high ΔK to low acceleration factors at low ΔK , the transition is sensitive to hydrogen pressure and R-ratio.
- In high pressure H₂ at high K_{max} , FCGR at low ΔK is high likely due to SCGR.
- SCGR is observed in a range of microstructures in high pressure H₂.
- SCGR appears to be path dependent.



Full Scale Testing

Afternoon Coffee

Panel Session 2: Full Scale Testing

In-Service Welding for H2 (& blends) pipelines – Recent & Proposed Full-scale testing

(Bill Bruce, DNV)

HYTAP – Welding on a gaseous hydrogen Line

(Otto-Jan Huising, Gasunie)

EPRG Full-scale fatigue testing

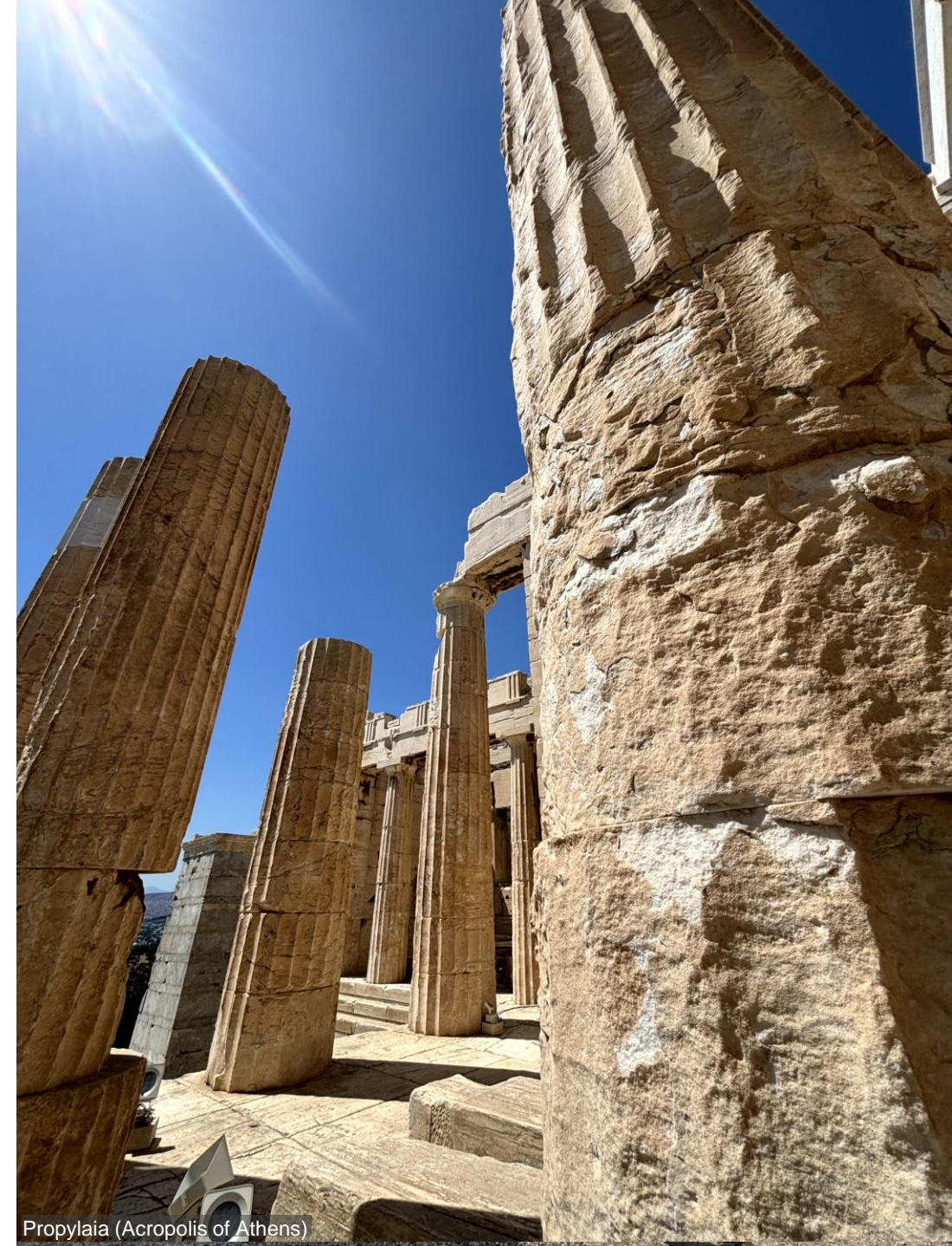
(Gianluca Mannucci, Rina-CSM)

FutureGrid Full-scale Testing – National Gas Transmission

(Robert Best & Pamela Colgan, National Gas)

JEFI-04-08 Full-scale Testing Program

(Mark Cuglietta, CFER)



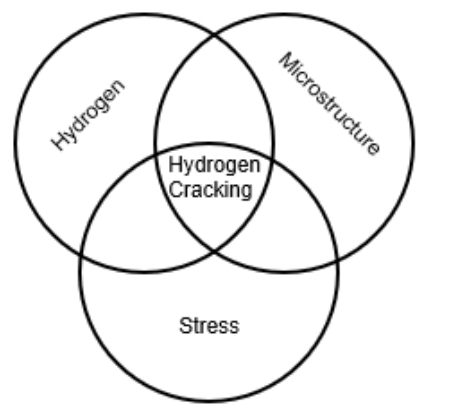
Propylaea (Acropolis of Athens)

HYTAP- Welding on a gaseous hydrogen Line

Full scale learnings



In-service Welding for Hydrogen and Hydrogen Blend Pipelines – Recent and Proposed Full-scale Testing



teaming low-H electrodes.

“
It's better to go slow in the right direction than to go fast in the wrong direction.
”
- Simon Sinek -

For further information

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Parthenon (Acropolis of Athens)